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1	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT EASTERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK
2	v
3	UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, : 14-CR-625 (DLI) : 20-CR-569 (DLI)
4	Plaintiff, :
5	-against- : United States Courthouse
6	DANIEL RENDON-HERRERA, a/k/a : Brooklyn, New York "Don Mario," a/k/a "El :
7	Viejo," a/k/a "El Tio," and : a/k/a "La Señora," :
8	: Tuesday, November 2, 2021 Defendant. : 2:00 p.m.
9	X
10	TRANSCRIPT OF CRIMINAL CAUSE FOR A PLEADING
11	BEFORE THE HONORABLE DORA L. IRIZARRY
12	UNITED STATES DISTRICT SENIOR JUDGE
13	
14	APPEARANCES:
15	For the Government: BREON S. PEACE, ESQ. United States Attorney
16	Eastern District of New York 271 Cadman Plaza East
17	Brooklyn, New York 11201 BY: JONATHAN P. LAX. ESQ.
18	FRANCISCO J. NAVARRO, ESQ. Assistant United States Attorneys
19	For the Defendant: THE LAW FIRM OF CÉSAR DE CASTRO, P.C. 7 World Trade Center
20	34th Floor New York, NEW YORK 10007
21	BY: CÉSAR DE CASTRO, ESQ.
22	Court Reporter: DAVID R. ROY, RPR 225 Cadman Plaza East
23	Brooklyn, New York 11201 drroyofcr@gmail.com
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25	Proceedings recorded by Stenographic machine shorthand, transcript produced by Computer-Assisted Transcription.

	Proceedings 2
1	P R O C E E D I N G S
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3	(In open court.)
4	THE COURTROOM DEPUTY: Criminal cause for a
5	pleading, Docket Numbers 14-CR-625 and 20-CR-569,
6	United States versus Daniel Rendon-Herrera.
7	Please state your appearances.
8	MR. LAX: Jonathan Lax
9	THE COURT: You may remain seated.
10	MR. LAX: Jonathan Lax and Francisco Navarro on
11	behalf of the Government. Good afternoon, Your Honor.
12	MR. NAVARRO: Good afternoon.
13	THE COURT: Good afternoon to both of you.
14	All right. And on behalf of Mr. Rendon-Herrera,
15	please.
16	MR. DE CASTRO: Good afternoon. César De Castro
17	and Paralegal and Trial Preparation Assistant Kimberly
18	Tabares.
19	THE COURT: Good afternoon to both of you.
20	Good afternoon to you, Mr. Rendon-Herrera.
21	THE DEFENDANT (THROUGH THE INTERPRETER): Very
22	good afternoon, Your Honor, and good afternoon and to the
23	assistants in the room.
24	THE COURT: Good afternoon.
25	And Mr. Rendon-Herrera is being assisted today

	Proceedings	3
1	with Spanish-language interpreters, which we have two here	
2	today.	
3	Can we have the names, please, of the first	
4	interpreter who is assisting.	
5	INTERPRETER VENANT: J. Carlos Venant,	
6	V-E-N-A-N-T. Good afternoon, Your Honor.	
7	THE COURT: Good afternoon.	
8	And are you a per diem or on staff here?	
9	INTERPRETER VENANT: Per diem.	
10	THE COURT: Okay. Thank you.	
11	And our second interpreter?	
12	INTERPRETER ORRANTIA: My name is Dagoberto	
13	Orrantia; D-A-G-O-B-E-R-T-O, O-R-R-A-N-T-I-A, and I'm a	
14	Certified Interpreter, per diem.	
15	THE COURT: All right. Great. Thank you very	
16	much.	
17	I'm going to ask the courtroom deputy to please	
18	administer the oath to both interpreters.	
19	You can remain seated.	
20	THE COURTROOM DEPUTY: Please raise your right	
21	hands.	
22	(Interpreters sworn.)	
23	THE COURTROOM DEPUTY: Thank you.	
24	THE COURT: Thank you.	
25	It has taken us a long time to get here, and I'm	

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Proceedings

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grateful that we can, under the circumstances, do this as an in-person proceeding. Because we still have the space limitations due to social distancing, we have made this proceeding accessible to the public by telephone. access information has been provided on the Court's public calendar, which is available on the Court's public website, and the Court's district executive has been gracious enough to provide overflow courtroom space as well, if it is so needed.

I do want to remind attorneys, litigants, and members of the press and public that pursuant to Local Civil Rule 1.8, made applicable to criminal proceedings by Local Criminal Rule 1.1(b), and Administrative Order 2020-24 issued by the Chief Judge of this court.

Any audio and/or video recording of any court proceeding, whether it's completely in-person or a hybrid, such as this one here, which is a combination of audio and in-person, or completely remote is strictly prohibited and violators will be sanctioned. And the Court always recommends that parties review the administrative order that I just referred to, as it has a more wholesome discussion of the conduct that is prohibited and the sanctions that can be imposed for engaging in such prohibited conduct.

I am going to ask that everyone please remain The microphones will be able to pick you up much seated.

Proceedings

better if you are seated, as well. And I am going to ask everyone, both for the sake of the court reporter and the sake of the interpreters, to please try to speak slowly and in sentences as short as you can make them so that they can do their job as effectively as possible.

And I am going to let the interpreters know that if you cannot hear something or if you need something repeated for any reason or you need somebody to slow down, just let us know, okay? Let's raise your hand right away and we'll stop everything. And the same goes for the court reporter, you know, please, if there's anything you cannot hear, just let us know.

All right. I know we are all speaking through masks. The microphones are really quite good at picking everything up, but you do have to keep your voice up nice and loudly. This is my third proceeding for today and we have been able to manage okay. So as long as you keep your voices up, we should be able to hear each other well enough. Thank you.

And my understanding, Mr. De Castro, is that Mr. Rendon-Herrera wishes to withdraw his previously entered pleas of not guilty and enter a plea of guilty to Count 1 of the Third Superseding Indictment under *Docket 14-CR-625*, and to Count 1 of the Sixth Superseding Indictment that was originally filed in the Southern District of New York and

Davic K. Roy, RPK, CSK, CCR Official Court Reporter

	Proceedings 6
1	has been transferred here pursuant to Rule 20 of the
2	Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure, and that would be under
3	Docket Number 20-CR-569?
4	Is that what your client wishes to do here today,
5	sir?
6	MR. DE CASTRO: That is correct, Your Honor.
7	THE COURT: Mr. Rendon-Herrera, is that what you
8	wish to do today?
9	THE DEFENDANT: Yes, Your Honor.
10	THE COURT: Please administer the oath to
11	Mr. Rendon-Herrera.
12	THE COURTROOM DEPUTY: Please raise your right
13	hand, sir.
14	DANIEL RENDON-HERRERA,
15	called as a witness having been first duly
16	sworn/affirmed, was examined and testified as
17	follows:
18	THE DEFENDANT: Yes, Your Honor, I swear it before
19	God.
20	THE COURT: Thank you. You may have a seat,
21	Mr. Rendon-Herrera.
22	All right. And everyone can just remain seated,
23	as well.
24	And with respect to Rule 20, I did see I always
25	ask for the Government to provide me in advance with a draft

7 Proceedings of any plea document and copies of the indictment, which 1 2 they have done. And there was also included a copy of what 3 appears to be a fully executed Rule 20 transfer with respect 4 to the criminal case that was filed in Southern District under their Docket Number 04-CR-962. I don't think that 5 anything more is required. 6 7 Am I correct about that? 8 MR. LAX: I think that's correct, Your Honor. 9 THE COURT: Okay. 10 And is there anything else, Mr. De Castro, that 11 you think is required from your client in connection with 12 that Rule 20 transfer? 13 MR. DE CASTRO: No, I do not believe so, 14 Your Honor. 15 THE COURT: Okay. Mr. Rendon-Herrera, I am going to ask 16 All right. 17 you a number of questions to assure myself that your plea is 18 a valid plea. It is very important that you understand 19 everything that is going on here today. It is made a little 20 complicated by the fact that we are proceeding with 21 Spanish-language interpreters. And so I want to make sure 22 that if there is anything at all that you do not understand, 23 if you do not understand the question or do not understand 24 something that I am explaining to you, please let me know

that right away, and I will do my best to reword the

	Proceedings 8
1	question or explain whatever it is that you do not
2	understand.
3	Do I have your assurance, Mr. Rendon-Herrera, that
4	you will let me know if there is anything that you do not
5	understand?
6	THE DEFENDANT: Yes, Your Honor.
7	THE COURT: Mr. Rendon-Herrera, are you able to
8	speak and understand English?
9	THE DEFENDANT: No, Your Honor.
10	THE COURT: And can you read and write at all in
11	the English language, because that's a different thing?
12	THE DEFENDANT: No.
13	THE COURT: Okay.
14	THE DEFENDANT: In English, no.
15	THE COURT: Okay. And, Mr. De Castro, my
16	understanding is that you are fluent in Spanish?
17	Am I correct about that?
18	MR. DE CASTRO: Yes, Your Honor.
19	THE COURT: All right. Thank you.
20	MR. DE CASTRO: And I should also say that so is
21	Ms. Tabares, and she has been assisting me at our meetings
22	with Mr. Rendon-Herrera.
23	THE COURT: All right. And so have you been able
24	to communicate with Mr. Rendon-Herrera in the Spanish
25	language?

	Proceedings 9
1	MR. DE CASTRO: Yes.
2	THE COURT: All right.
3	MR. DE CASTRO: Yes, we have.
4	THE COURT: Okay. Have you ever done so with the
5	use of an interpreter
6	MR. DE CASTRO: Not
7	THE COURT: other than at court proceedings, I
8	mean?
9	MR. DE CASTRO: With Mr. Rendon-Herrera, no.
10	THE COURT: Okay.
11	MR. DE CASTRO: I should also note, Your Honor,
12	just when you get there, the plea agreement was also
13	translated beforehand by the Government into Spanish. I've,
14	of course, reviewed it, and I reviewed it with him and he
15	had a copy at the MDC.
16	THE COURT: Okay. And I may ask you about that
17	again when we get to that point.
18	MR. DE CASTRO: Thank you, Your Honor.
19	THE COURT: All right. Mr. Rendon-Herrera, have
20	you had any difficulty in communicating with your attorney
21	either directly or through an interpreter perhaps during
22	court proceedings?
23	THE DEFENDANT: Not at all, no, Your Honor.
24	THE COURT: Do you understand that you have the
25	right to be represented by counsel at trial and at every

	Proceedings 10
1	other stage of the proceedings, including this one?
2	THE DEFENDANT: Yes, Your Honor.
3	THE COURT: Do you understand that if you cannot
4	afford counsel, the Court may appoint counsel for you at no
5	cost to you?
6	THE DEFENDANT: Yes, Your Honor.
7	THE COURT: And, in fact, at one point you did
8	have retained counsel that you were paying for, and
9	the Court appointed Mr. De Castro to represent you at no
10	cost to you.
11	Do you understand that?
12	THE DEFENDANT: Yes, I understand that,
13	Your Honor.
14	THE COURT: Okay. Thank you.
15	And if at any point in time you wish to consult
16	with Mr. De Castro, please let me know that and I will give
17	you the opportunity to do that.
18	Will you let me know if you wish to speak with
19	Mr. De Castro?
20	THE DEFENDANT: Understood, Your Honor.
21	THE COURT: And will you let me know if you want
22	to speak with him?
23	THE DEFENDANT: Yes, Your Honor.
24	THE COURT: Okay. Thank you.
25	You have sworn to tell the truth. This means that

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	Proceedings 11
1	if you answer any of my questions falsely, your answers
2	later may be used against you in a separate prosecution for
3	the crimes of perjury, or of making a false statement.
4	Do you understand that?
5	THE DEFENDANT: Yes, I understand it, Your Honor.
6	THE COURT: All right. What is your full name,
7	please.
8	THE DEFENDANT: My full name is Daniel
9	Rendon-Herrera.
10	THE COURT: Just one minute.
11	For the two people who just walked in, are you
12	both vaccinated?
13	UNIDENTIFIED FEMALES: Yes, ma'am.
14	THE COURT: Okay. And, sir, you need to wear your
15	mask properly.
16	UNIDENTIFIED MALE: (Complies.)
17	THE COURT: Thank you, sir.
18	Mr. Rendon-Herrera, what is your age now?
19	THE DEFENDANT: I am 56 years old.
20	THE COURT: What is the highest grade that you
21	completed in school?
22	THE DEFENDANT: I studied in primary school up to
23	second grade; and in the jail, I finished high school.
24	THE COURT: And was this in Colombia?
25	THE DEFENDANT: In Colombia, yes.

	Proceedings 12
1	THE COURT: And where were you born?
2	THE DEFENDANT: I was born in Colombia, Amalfi,
3	Antoquia in Colombia.
4	THE COURT: Are you a naturalized citizen of the
5	United States?
6	THE DEFENDANT: No, Your Honor.
7	THE COURT: Are you presently or have you recently
8	been under the care of a doctor for any reason?
9	THE DEFENDANT: Medicated, Your Honor.
10	THE COURT: Okay. And I know that you have some
11	health issues because we have addressed these health issues
12	throughout the pendency of the case. Are you taking any
13	medications right now?
14	THE DEFENDANT: Yes, Your Honor, I am medicated.
15	I'm taking 13 pills a day.
16	THE COURT: Do you take them at the same time or
17	do you take some in the morning and some at night?
18	THE DEFENDANT: No. No, I I have them in the
19	morning, at noon, and in the afternoon.
20	THE COURT: What do you take in the morning?
21	THE DEFENDANT: I took the ones from the morning.
22	I I haven't taken the ones for the afternoon or the
23	others for the evening. I only took the ones for the
24	morning today.
25	THE COURT: And which ones do you take in the

	Proceedings 13	
1	morning?	
2	THE DEFENDANT: In the morning, I take one for	
3	cardio. And at the moment, I I couldn't tell you what	
4	the others are.	
5	THE COURT: Okay.	
6	All right. Do any of these medicines that you	
7	take in the morning affect your ability to think clearly,	
8	sir?	
9	THE DEFENDANT: No, Your Honor.	
10	THE COURT: And are you feeling okay right now,	
11	Mr. Rendon-Herrera?	
12	THE DEFENDANT: Yes, Your Honor.	
13	THE COURT: Okay. And the medications that you	
14	take at night, do you still feel their effect at all into	
15	the morning?	
16	THE DEFENDANT: At night. In the morning, no, in	
17	the morning I wake up fine.	
18	THE COURT: Okay. Are you presently or have you	
19	recently been under the care of a psychiatrist?	
20	THE DEFENDANT: No. No, I haven't had any	
21	consultations with psychiatrists.	
22	THE COURT: Have you ever been hospitalized or	
23	treated in any way for any mental illness?	
24	THE DEFENDANT: No, Your Honor.	
25	THE COURT: Have you ever been hospitalized or	

	Proceedings 14
1	treated for addiction to drugs or to alcohol?
2	THE DEFENDANT: Not either, Your Honor.
3	THE COURT: And aside from your medicines in the
4	morning that you took this morning, have you taken any other
5	kind of narcotic drugs or over-the-counter drugs like
6	aspirin, Tylenol, anything like that in the past 24 hours,
7	except for your medicines that you told me about?
8	THE DEFENDANT: So I did take the ones that I
9	normally take at night and one of them is aspirin.
10	THE COURT: Okay.
11	All right. But nothing besides what you were
12	prescribed?
13	THE DEFENDANT: No, Your Honor.
14	THE COURT: Okay. In the past 24 hours have you
15	consumed any alcoholic beverages?
16	THE DEFENDANT: No, Your Honor.
17	THE COURT: As you are sitting here right now, is
18	your mind clear?
19	THE DEFENDANT: Yes. I feel I'm in perfect
20	condition, Your Honor, for this.
21	THE COURT: Okay. And do you understand
22	everything that is going on here today?
23	THE DEFENDANT: Yes, Your Honor.
24	THE COURT: And, Mr. De Castro, have you discussed
25	this matter with your client?

	Proceedings	15
1	MR. DE CASTRO: Yes, Your Honor.	
2	THE COURT: Have you discussed well, you	
3	mentioned that you have been able to discuss it with him	
4	directly in Spanish, correct?	
5	MR. DE CASTRO: Correct.	
6	THE COURT: All right. In your opinion, is your	
7	client capable of understanding the nature of these	
8	proceedings?	
9	MR. DE CASTRO: He is.	
10	THE COURT: In your opinion, Mr. De Castro, does	
11	he understand the rights he will be waiving by pleading	
12	guilty?	
13	MR. DE CASTRO: Yes, he does.	
14	THE COURT: Do you have any doubt as to your	
15	client's competence to plead at this time?	
16	MR. DE CASTRO: No doubt.	
17	THE COURT: Have you advised him of the maximum	
18	sentence and fines that can be imposed?	
19	MR. DE CASTRO: I have.	
20	THE COURT: Have you discussed with him the	
21	operation of the advisory sentencing guidelines?	
22	MR. DE CASTRO: Yes.	
23	THE COURT: Mr. Rendon-Herrera, have you had a	
24	sufficient opportunity to discuss this case with	
25	Mr. De Castro?	

	Proceedings 16
1	THE DEFENDANT: Yes, Your Honor.
2	THE COURT: Are you fully satisfied with the
3	representation and advice given to you in this case by
4	Mr. De Castro?
5	THE DEFENDANT: Yes, Your Honor.
6	THE COURT: There are two indictments that are
7	involved in this case. Have you received copies of both of
8	these indictments?
9	THE DEFENDANT: Yes, Your Honor.
10	THE COURT: And did you discuss these indictments
11	with Mr. De Castro?
12	THE DEFENDANT: Yes, Your Honor.
13	THE COURT: All right. We will take them one at a
14	time.
15	With respect to Count 1 under Case
16	Number 14-CR-625, this indictment has an introduction which
17	explains certain groups and certain parties.
18	Are you familiar with that introduction?
19	THE DEFENDANT: I know that it discusses that I
20	was part of or participated in the Autodefensas Unidas de
21	Colombia.
22	THE COURT: Okay. That's the indictment from the
23	Southern District. I'm talking about the Brooklyn
24	indictment, so let me go back a little bit. And I just want
25	to summarize a little bit of what is in the introduction.

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So the introduction of this indictment, this is the case that you have had in front of me for the past few years.

THE DEFENDANT: Oh, yeah.

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It defined an organization called THE COURT: Los Urabeños, which is defined in the indictment as a drug trafficking organization, which was a cocaine trafficking and paramilitary organization based in Urubá, Colombia. it also explains that the Los Urabeños were involved in multi-ton shipments of cocaine from Colombia to Mexico and Central America, ultimately to be imported into the United States; and that the *Urabeños* coordinated the production, the purchase, and transfer of shipments of cocaine, as well as the receipt of shipments of cocaine in Mexico and Central America. The Urabeños also controlled territory in various areas in Colombia and imposed attacks on any drug traffickers operating in regions under the control of the *Urabeños*. And specifically the *Urabeños* charged a set fee for every kilogram of cocaine that was manufactured, stored, or transported through areas controlled by the *Urabeños*. *Urabeños* also employed sicarios, or hitmen, who carried out various acts of violence. It included murders, assaults, kidnappings, and assignations. Urabeños utilized these acts of violence to collect drug debts, maintain discipline, control, and expand

drug territory and to promote and enhance the prestige, reputation, and position of the organization.

It is alleged that the Defendants Dairo Antonio
Usuga-David, also known as Otoniel, Mao, Gallo, and
Mauricio-Gallo; and Daniel Rendon-Herrera, also known as Don
Mario, were principal leaders of the *Urabeños*.

It is alleged that the Defendants Jairo de Jesus Durango Restrepo, also known as Gua Gua; Roberto Vargas Gutierrez, also known as Gavilan; Carlos Alberto Moreno Turberquia, also known as Nicolas; Aristides Manuel Mesa Paez, also known as El Indio; Luis Orlando Padierna Peña, also known as Inglaterra; Jobanis de Jesus Avila Villadiego, also known as Chiquito and Chiquito Malo; and César Daniel Anaya Martinez, also known as Tierra, were commanders of the Urabeños in charge of collecting drug taxes, managing armed combatants, and maintaining control over specific territorial areas within Colombia.

The Defendant Yony Alberto Grajales Alvarez, also known as Guajiro and Paisa, was the head of a drug collection office based in Cali, Colombia that was responsible for collecting drug debts owed to the *Urabeños* through the use of violence and threats of violence.

The Defendant Ramiro Caro Pineda, also known as Nolasco and Hugo, was an organizer of the *Urabeños* in charge of collecting drug taxes, coordinating drug shipments, and

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	Proceedings 19
1	maintaining control over airstrips and ports on the Atlantic
2	Coast of Colombia.
3	That is the introduction to Count 1. And the
4	reason why I review it is because Count 1 incorporates or
5	includes that introduction within that count.
6	Do you understand that, Mr. Rendon-Herrera?
7	THE DEFENDANT: Yes, I understand.
8	THE COURT: And I just want to ask the Government,
9	in connection with the allocution for the continuing
10	criminal enterprise that's charged in Count 1, two things.
11	There are and I would like your input as well,
12	Mr. De Castro, on this. It goes through a very long litany
13	of names, and as I reviewed it, it seems that it is the same
14	names repeated throughout, at least that first part, of the
15	Count 1 before we get to Violation 1.
16	So my first question to both sides is whether it
17	is okay if I just say the aforementioned defendants?
18	MR. LAX: Certainly. No objection from the
19	Government, Your Honor.
20	THE COURT: Okay. I have been hours behind this
21	mask, so my voice is getting a little scratchy.
22	MR. LAX: I completely understand.
23	THE COURT: The other question that I have in
24	terms of the allocution, is that there are a number of
25	violations, and I wanted to know whether you wanted the

20 Proceedings defendant to allocute to all of the violations? 1 2 So Violation 1 charges the international cocaine 3 manufacturing and distribution conspiracy. Violations 2 4 through 32, which incorporates, basically, a chart with a 5 number of, I suppose, seizures or transaction dates and that would be 2 through 32. That's for the international cocaine 6 7 distribution charge. And then Violation 33, which is the 8 last violation under Count 1, is the murder conspiracy of 9 rival drug traffickers. 10 So I guess my question is, do you want an allocution as to all the violations? 11 12 MR. LAX: Your Honor, I don't believe it's 13 necessary. I expect the defendant will allocute to at least 14 three, which I think is what is required to satisfy the 15 elements of the charge. So that's all we ask for, 16 Your Honor. 17 THE COURT: Is that your understanding, too, 18 Mr. De Castro? 19 It is, Your Honor, yes. MR. DE CASTRO: 20 THE COURT: Okay. And are all three included; are 21 they spread out throughout these three -- these groups of 22 violations? 23 MR. DE CASTRO: He prefers to allocute, just so 24 Your Honor knows, just to the 2 through 32, all those 25 shipments.

	Proceedings 21
1	THE COURT: Okay.
2	MR. DE CASTRO: He won't go through each one, but
3	he will say 2 through 32, so, of course, you have a chart.
4	So if that's sufficient for the Court, our intention was to
5	do that.
6	THE COURT: Okay.
7	MR. LAX: Your Honor, if I may? I will also add
8	that part of the plea agreement, which I know the Court will
9	get to, includes a stipulation as to the drug weight
10	THE COURT: Right.
11	MR. LAX: which is 73,000 some-odd kilos of
12	cocaine, that is the sum total of Violations 2 through 32.
13	THE DEFENDANT: 2 through 32?
14	MR. LAX: Correct.
15	THE COURT: Okay. So then my question to you is
16	whether I need to go through Violation 1 and Violation 33
17	with him?
18	MR. LAX: I would suggest Violation 1, but not
19	Violation 33, Your Honor.
20	MR. DE CASTRO: That's fine.
21	THE COURT: Okay.
22	All right. Did you understand what we are talking
23	about, Mr. Rendon-Herrera?
24	THE DEFENDANT: Yes, Your Honor.
25	THE COURT: All right. Because the charges are a

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little complicated, so I want to make sure that we all have the same understanding.

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So with respect to Count 1, okay, going back to Count 1, besides repeating again that introduction, it also alleges that in or about and between June 2003 and December of 2014, both dates being approximate and inclusive, meaning more or less around that time, within the extraterritorial jurisdiction of the United States, meaning outside of the United States, the Defendant, Dairo Antonio Usuga-David, also known as Otoniel. Mao. Gallo. and Mauricio-Gallo: Daniel Rendon-Herrera, also known as Don Mario; Jairo de Jesus Durango Restrepo, also known as Gua Gua; Roberto Vargas Gutierrez, also known as Gavilan; Carlos Alberto Moreno Turberquia, also known as Nicolas; Aristides Manuel Mesa Paez, also known as El Indio; Luis Orlando Padierna Peña, also known as Inglaterra; Jobanis de Jesus Avila Villadiego, also known as Chiquito and Chiquito Malo; César Daniel Anaya Martinez, also known as Tierra; Yony Alberto Grajales Alvarez, also known as Guajiro and Paisa; and Ramiro Caro Pineda, also known as Nolasco and Hugo, together with others, did knowingly and intentionally engage in a continuing criminal enterprise in that these people that I just mentioned committed violations of Title 21, United States Code, Sections 846, 848(e), 952(a), 959(a), 960, and 963 including Violations 1 through 33 set forth

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below, which violations were part of a continuing series of 1 2 violations of those statutes undertaken by the defendants 3 that I just mentioned in concert with five or more persons 4 with respect to whom the Defendants Dairo Antonio 5 Usuga-David, Daniel Rendon-Herrera, Jairo de Jesus Durango Restrepo, Roberto Vargas Gutierrez, Carlos Alberto Moreno 6 7 Turberquia, Aristides Manuel Mesa Paez, Luis Orlando 8 Padierna Peña, Jobanis de Jesus Avila Villadiego, César Daniel Anaya Martinez, Yony Alberto Grajales Alvarez, and 9 10 Ramiro Caro Pineda occupied a supervisory and management 11 position from which continuing series of violations the 12 Defendants Dairo Antonio Usuga-David, Daniel Rendon-Herrera, 13 Jairo de Jesus Durango Restrepo, Roberto Vargas Gutierrez, 14 Carlos Alberto Moreno Turberquia, Aristides Manuel Mesa Paez, Luis Orlando Padierna Peña, Jobanis de Jesus Avila 15 16 Villadiego, César Daniel Anaya Martinez, Yony Alberto 17 Grajales Alvarez, and Ramiro Caro Pineda obtained 18 substantial income and resources. The continuing series of violations, as defined by Title 21 of the 19 20 United States Code, Section 848(c), included Violations 1 21 through 33 set forth below. And that follows.

As to Violation 1, Violation 1 concerns the international cocaine manufacturing and distribution conspiracy. And it is alleged that in or about and between June 2003 and December 2014, both dates being approximate

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and inclusive, within the extraterritorial jurisdiction of 1 2 the United States, the Defendants Dairo Antonio Usuga-David, also known as Otoniel, Mao, Gallo, and Mauricio-Gallo; 3 4 Daniel Rendon-Herrera, also known as Don Mario; Jairo de 5 Jesus Durango Restrepo, also known as Gua Gua; Roberto Vargas Gutierrez, also known as Gavilan; Carlos Alberto 6 7 Moreno Turberquia, also known as Nicolas; Aristides Manuel 8 Mesa Paez, also known as El Indio; Luis Orlando Padierna 9 Peña, also known as Inglaterra; Jobanis de Jesus Avila 10 Villadiego, also known as Chiquito and Chiquito Malo; César 11 Daniel Anaya Martinez, also known as Tierra; Yony Alberto 12 Grajales Alvarez, also known as Guajiro and Paisa; and 13 Ramiro Caro Pineda, also known as Nolasco and Hugo, together 14 with others, did knowingly and intentionally conspire to 15 manufacture and distribute five kilograms or more of a 16 substance containing cocaine, a Schedule II controlled 17 substance, intending and knowing that such substance would 18 be unlawfully imported into the United States from a place 19 outside thereof, from a place outside of the United States, in violation of Title 21 of the United States Code, 20 21 Sections 959(a), 959(c), 960 subdivisions (a)(3), 96022 subdivision (b)(1)(B)(ii) and 963. 23 Do you understand that violation? 24 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, Your Honor.

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THE COURT: With respect to Violations 2 through

25 1 32, and that relates to the international cocaine 2 distribution, it alleges that on or about the dates that are 3 listed below, and there's a chart that follows, all dates 4 being approximate and inclusive, so more or less around that 5 time, within the extraterritorial jurisdiction of the United States, the Defendants Dairo Antonio Usuga-David, 6 7 also known as Otoniel, Mao, Gallo, and Mauricio-Gallo; 8 Daniel Rendon-Herrera, also known as Don Mario; Jairo de 9 Jesus Durango Restrepo, also known as Gua Gua; Roberto 10 Vargas Gutierrez, also known as Gavilan: Carlos Alberto Moreno Turberquia, also known as Nicolas; Aristides Manuel 11 12 Mesa Paez, also known as El Indio; Luis Orlando Padierna 13 Peña, also known as Inglaterra; Jobanis de Jesus Avila 14 Villadiego, also known as Chiquito and Chiquito Malo; César 15 Daniel Anaya Martinez, also known as Tierra; Yony Alberto 16 Grajales Alvarez, also known as Guajiro and Paisa; and 17 Ramiro Caro Pineda, also known as Nolasco and Hugo, together 18 with others, did knowingly and intentionally distribute a 19 controlled substance, intending and knowing that such 20 substance would be unlawfully imported into the 21 United States from a place outside thereof, in other words 22 from outside the United States into the United States, which 23 offenses involved a substance containing cocaine, a Schedule II controlled substance, in the amounts listed 24

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below, contrary to Title 21 -- and below refers to a chart

	Proceedings	26
1	that follows contrary to Title 21 of the United States	
2	Code, Sections 959(a), 959(c), 960 subdivision (a)(3) and	
3	960 subdivision (b)(1)(B)(ii) and Title 18 of the	
4	United States Code, Section 2.	
5	Do you understand that so far?	
6	THE DEFENDANT: Yes, Your Honor.	
7	THE COURT: Okay. And there's a chart that	
8	follows that has a number of amounts and approximate dates	
9	that I assume relate to transactions or seizures?	
10	MR. LAX: Yes, Your Honor, transactions.	
11	THE COURT: Okay. So the dates relate to the	
12	transactions.	
13	As to Violation 2, it's 1,600 kilograms of	
14	cocaine, June 18, 2003; Violation 3, 2,040 kilograms of	
15	cocaine. These are all in kilograms, so I'm just going to	
16	give you the numbers. It is all in kilograms of cocaine.	
17	Do you understand?	
18	THE DEFENDANT: Yes, Your Honor.	
19	THE COURT: Okay. So I am just going to give you	
20	the amount and the dates.	
21	MR. DE CASTRO: Your Honor, I'm also fine if you	
22	want to total it because we've gone over that part.	
23	THE COURT: Okay. Are you familiar with the chart	t
24	that's in that count?	
25	THE DEFENDANT: Yes, Your Honor.	

	Proceedings 27
1	THE COURT: Okay. So the total amount that that
2	comes to is 73,645 kilograms of cocaine.
3	Am I correct about that?
4	MR. LAX: Yes, Your Honor.
5	THE COURT: Do you agree?
6	MR. DE CASTRO: Yes, Your Honor.
7	THE COURT: Do you understand that?
8	THE DEFENDANT: Yes, I'm in agreement, too,
9	Your Honor.
10	THE COURT: Okay. And so that goes through
11	Violation 32.
12	Do you want me to go through Violation 33 as well
13	him?
14	MR. LAX: I don't think it's necessary,
15	Your Honor.
16	MR. DE CASTRO: No, Your Honor.
17	THE COURT: Okay. So that is Count 1 in the
18	indictment that's been pending here in Brooklyn in front of
19	me, okay? Then we also have the indictment that was pending
20	in the Southern District of New York that was transferred
21	here.
22	And my understanding is that you intend to plead
23	guilty to Count 1 of that indictment?
24	THE DEFENDANT: Yes, Your Honor.
25	THE COURT: And this is all the beginning part of

Proceedings	28	
it because I don't see any specific I looked for it		
yesterday when I reviewed this. I did not see any special		
designation for Count 1. It was done in a different		
district, so I guess they do things a little differently.		
There's a special designation for Count 2.		
MR. LAX: Are you referring to the incorporation		
of the introductory passage; is that what Your Honor's		
referring to? I'm not sure if I follow.		
THE COURT: The parties' intent is that he would		
plead guilty to the first part of the indictment.		
Do you see where it says "statutory allegations"		
on Page 4?		
MR. LAX: Yes, Your Honor.		
THE COURT: That's what I'm assuming is the		
beginning of Count 1.		
MR. LAX: Your Honor, I think Count 1 is right,		
like		
MR. NAVARRO: The beginning.		
MR. LAX: the beginning		
MR. DE CASTRO: Right. Right under		
THE COURT: Did I miss something?		
MR. LAX: Right under the caption.		
THE COURT: I got you. Thank you. I don't know		
what I did, but I missed that. Okay. All right. Thank		
you.		
	it because I don't see any specific I looked for it yesterday when I reviewed this. I did not see any special designation for Count 1. It was done in a different district, so I guess they do things a little differently. There's a special designation for Count 2. MR. LAX: Are you referring to the incorporation of the introductory passage; is that what Your Honor's referring to? I'm not sure if I follow. THE COURT: The parties' intent is that he would plead guilty to the first part of the indictment. Do you see where it says "statutory allegations" on Page 4? MR. LAX: Yes, Your Honor. THE COURT: That's what I'm assuming is the beginning of Count 1. MR. LAX: Your Honor, I think Count 1 is right, like MR. NAVARRO: The beginning. MR. LAX: the beginning MR. DE CASTRO: Right. Right under THE COURT: Did I miss something? MR. LAX: Right under the caption. THE COURT: I got you. Thank you. I don't know what I did, but I missed that. Okay. All right. Thank	

29 Proceedings 1 MR. DE CASTRO: It's not very noticeable. 2 THE COURT: Okay. It is just done a little 3 differently here, so I was looking for something -- or 4 something else. Okay. 5 MR. DE CASTRO: And they sometimes do it differently there, too, even within different --6 7 THE COURT: Oh, okay. All right. As to Count 1, Mr. Rendon-Herrera, 8 9 this is the indictment that was pending in the federal 10 courthouse in Manhattan, okay? 11 THE DEFENDANT: Yes. 12 THE COURT: And charges conspiracy to provide 13 material support to a foreign terrorist organization. 14 begins with a background to the conspiracy as follows: The 15 Autodefensas Unidas de Colombia, or AUC, was founded in 1997 16 as an umbrella group uniting a number of paramilitary bands 17 The AUC was a right-wing organization whose in Colombia. 18 main political objective was to defeat the left-wing Fuerzas 19 Armadas Revolucionarios de Colombia, or FARC, in armed 20 conflict and remove FARC sympathizers from government and 21 positions of influence in Colombia. 22 At all times relevant to this indictment, the AUC 23 carried out its political objective through kidnapping, 24 violent attacks, and the mass murder of civilians claimed by

the AUC to be FARC sympathizers. The AUC and its commanders

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Proceedings

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financed their terrorist activities by imposing taxes on the cocaine traffic through AUC-controlled areas. That is, AUC commanders, including Daniel Rendon-Herrera, also known as Don Mario; also known as El Viejo; also known as El Tio; also known as La Señora, the defendant, required payment from drug traffickers who shipped drugs through or stored drugs within the AUC commanders' territory, often on a per-kilogram basis. The proceeds of those taxes were used to fund the purchase of military-grade weapons, used by the AUC, among other things. The AUC was designated by the United States State Department as a Foreign Terrorist Organization on September 10, 2001, and as a Specially Designated Global Terrorist Organization on October 31, 2001, and it remains so designated.

At all times relevant to this indictment --

MR. DE CASTRO: Your Honor, I'm sorry. I'm sorry to interrupt. I'm wondering if they were void, because unlike out of the Eastern --

> THE COURT: I'm sorry, say that again.

MR. DE CASTRO: If they were void.

Unlike the Eastern District item, this introduction is quite long. It's a little long, but I can say we would waive your reading of that if the Court is comfortable. And I know that it's taxing, especially in a He has reviewed it. I've review it with him. mask.

	Proceedings 31		
1	discussed that AUC allegations, and he's actually going to		
2	discuss them in his allocution, as well. But if the Court		
3	is comfortable, we're fine with that.		
4	THE COURT: It's fine with me if the Government is		
5	fine with that.		
6	I think that that's what I was trying to get at		
7	with respect to getting to the statutory allegations, which		
8	starts at the top of Page 4.		
9	MR. DE CASTRO: Yeah.		
10	MR. LAX: No, we have no objection, Your Honor.		
11	We're happy to begin at Page 4, if that was what the		
12	question is.		
13	THE COURT: Okay. So it's not just me, it's the		
14	interpreters, as well.		
15	But, Mr. Rendon-Herrera, did you understand what		
16	your attorney just said?		
17	THE DEFENDANT: Yes, Your Honor, and I'm in		
18	agreement.		
19	THE COURT: Okay.		
20	All right. So you understand what the		
21	introduction is about?		
22	THE DEFENDANT: Yes.		
23	THE COURT: Okay.		
24	All right. So then let's start with the statutory		
25	allegations. And it is alleged that from at least in or		

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Proceedings

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about 2001, up to and including at least in or about April 2009, in an offense in and affecting interstate and foreign commerce, begun and committed outside of the jurisdiction of any particular State or District of the United States, including Colombia and elsewhere, Daniel Rendon-Herrera, also known as Don Mario, also known as El Viejo, also known as El Tio, also known as La Señora, the defendant, who will be first brought to and arrested in the Southern District of New York, and others known and unknown, unlawfully and knowingly did combine, conspire, confederate, and agree together and with each other to provide material support or resources, as that term is defined in *Title 18 of* the United States Code, Section 2339A, subdivision (b), to a foreign terrorist organization, to wit, the AUC, which was designated by the U.S. Secretary of State as a foreign terrorist organization on or about September 10, 2001, pursuant to Section 219 of the Immigration and Nationality Act; which has remained on the list of designees since that time; and which is currently designated as such, as of the

It was a part and an object of the conspiracy that Daniel Rendon-Herrera, also known as Don Mario, also known as El Viejo, also known as El Tio, also known as La Señora, the defendant, and others known and unknown, would and did provide the AUC with weapons, narcotics proceeds, personnel,

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the appropriate tax.

Proceedings

and other support and resources knowing that the AUC had engaged and was engaging in terrorist activity (as defined in $Section\ 212(a)$, $subdivision\ (3)(B)$ of the Immigration and Nationality Act), and knowing that the AUC had engaged and was engaging in terrorism (as defined in $Section\ 140(d)(2)$ of the Foreign Relations Authorization Act, Fiscal Years 1988 and 1989), in violation of $Title\ 18$,

United States Code, Section 2339B.

And the following overt acts are relayed. That in furtherance of the conspiracy and to effect the illegal object thereof, Daniel Rendon-Herrera, also known as Don Mario, also known as El Viejo, also known as El Tio, also known as La Señora, the defendant, committed the following overt acts among others: In or about 2001 in Colombia, Rendon-Herrera established checkpoints on the roads under Centauros's control to ensure that drug

In or about September 2001, in Colombia,
Rendon-Herrera attended a meeting of AUC commanders where
the risk of importing cocaine into the United States,
including extradition to the United States to face criminal
charges, were discussed.

transporters who moved narcotics through the area had paid

In or about 2005 or 2006, in Colombia,
Rendon-Herrera paid approximately \$100 per kilogram of

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	Proceedings 34
1	cocaine in taxes to a co-conspirator not named as a
2	defendant herein ("CC-2") so that Rendon-Herrera could
3	transport narcotics through territory controlled by CC-2.
4	In or about March 2008, Rendon-Herrera made
5	videotaped statements regarding, among other things, his
6	membership in the AUC.
7	In or about April 2008, in Colombia,
8	Rendon-Herrera possessed assault rifles, ammunition,
9	grenades, camouflage uniforms, and military backpacks.
10	Do you understand that charge?
11	THE DEFENDANT: Yes, Your Honor.
12	THE COURT: Do you have any questions about any of
13	that?
14	THE DEFENDANT: No. But I wanted to add something
15	to that.
16	THE COURT: Well, perhaps you should speak to your
17	attorney before you say something.
18	(Pause in proceedings.)
19	MR. DE CASTRO: I don't think he doesn't have
20	anything else to add.
21	THE COURT: Okay.
22	All right. So, Mr. Rendon-Herrera, I am going to
23	explain to you the rights that you have under the
24	Constitution and Laws of the United States, and it's
25	important that you understand these rights because these are

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the rights that you give up, or you waive, when you plead guilty. So, again, I remind you that if there is anything that you do not understand, now would be the time to let me know because later on it will be too late.

Again, do I have your assurance that you will let me know if there is anything that you do not understand, sir?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, I'll be paying attention.

THE COURT: Okay. The most important thing is that you let me know if you do not understand something, all right?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes.

THE COURT: Okay, perfect.

Now, the first and the most important thing that you must understand is that you do not have to plead guilty, even if you are guilty, because under our legal system, the prosecutor, the Government, has the burden of proving the guilt of a defendant beyond a reasonable doubt. And if the prosecutor cannot or does not meet his burden of proof or their burden of proof, the jury has the duty to find the defendant not guilty, even if the defendant is guilty; in other words, it's a question of the quality and the quantity of the proof.

Do you understand that?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, Your Honor, I understand

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	Proceedings 36			
1	that.			
2	THE COURT: So what this means is that even if you			
3	are guilty, you have a choice and it is up to you to decide			
4	what to do. It is not up to your lawyer, your family, your			
5	friends, or anyone else. You may withdraw your previously			
6	entered pleas of not guilty and plead guilty as you			
7	apparently wish to do today; or you may choose to go to			
8	trial simply by persisting in your pleas of not guilty and			
9	make the Government meet its burden of proving your guilt			
10	beyond a reasonable doubt as to each one of these			
11	indictments.			
12	Do you understand that?			
13	THE DEFENDANT: I understand it perfectly,			
14	Your Honor.			
15	THE COURT: Thank you.			
16	If you plead not guilty, under the Constitution			
17	and Laws of the United States, you are entitled to a speedy			
18	and public trial by a jury with the assistance of counsel on			
19	the charges contained in the indictment that have been filed			
20	with the Court.			
21	Do you understand that?			
22	THE DEFENDANT: I understand.			
23	THE COURT: At the trail, you would be presumed			
24	innocent. You would not have to prove that you are			
25	innocent. It is the Government's burden to overcome that			

37 Proceedings presumption and prove you guilty by competent evidence and 1 2 beyond a reasonable doubt. Do you understand that? 3 4 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, I understand that, Your Honor. 5 THE COURT: If the Government does not meet its 6 7 burden of proof, the jury would have the duty to find you 8 not guilty. 9 Do you understand? 10 THE DEFENDANT: I understand it, Your Honor. By pleading guilty, you 11 THE COURT: All right. 12 are giving up your right to have the Government satisfy its 13 burden of proving that you are guilty beyond a reasonable 14 doubt. 15 Do you understand? 16 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, I understand it. 17 THE COURT: In the course of the trial, the 18 witnesses for the Government would have to come to court and 19 testify in your presence, and your attorney would have the 20 right to cross-examine the witnesses for the Government. 21 Your attorney could object to any evidence offered by the 22 Government and he could offer evidence on your behalf. That 23 would include the right to subpoena or compel witnesses to 24 come to court and testify, and he could raise any defenses 25 that you may have under the law.

38 Proceedings 1 Do you understand that? 2 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, I understand that, Your Honor. 3 4 THE COURT: By pleading guilty and if I accept your plea, you give up your right to confront the witnesses 5 who would testify against you. You give up your right to 6 7 offer any evidence on your own behalf. You give up your 8 right to compel witnesses to come to court and testify and 9 you give up your right to raise any defenses you may have 10 under the law. 11 Do you understand that? 12 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, I understand that, 13 Your Honor. 14 THE COURT: At the trial you would have the right to testify on your own behalf, but only if you choose to do 15 16 so. You are not required to testify. Under the Constitution of the United States, a defendant in a criminal 17 18 case cannot be forced to take the witness stand at his trial 19 and say anything that could be used against him to show that 20 he is guilty of the crime or crimes with which he is 21 charged. If you decided not to testify, then I would 22 instruct the jury that they could not hold your silence 23 against you. This is called you right against 24 self-incarceration. 25 Do you understand that?

	Proceedings 39
1	THE DEFENDANT: Yes, I understand that,
2	Your Honor. Thank you.
3	THE COURT: By pleading guilty, you are admitting
4	your guilt and you give up your right against
5	self-incarceration.
6	Do you understand that?
7	THE DEFENDANT: I understand that, Your Honor.
8	THE COURT: If you plead guilty, I must ask you
9	questions about what you did in order to satisfy myself that
10	you, in fact, are guilty of the charge to which you are
11	pleading guilty, and you will have to answer my questions
12	truthfully and acknowledge your guilt. In that regard I
13	remind you that you have taken an oath to answer my
14	questions truthfully.
15	Do you understand that?
16	THE DEFENDANT: Yes, I understand that,
17	Your Honor.
18	THE COURT: In other words, it is not enough just
19	to say that you are guilty. You must tell me what it is
20	that you did that makes you guilty of the particular charge
21	or charges to which you are pleading guilty.
22	Do you understand that?
23	THE DEFENDANT: Yes, I understand that, Your
24	Honor.
25	THE COURT: If you plead guilty and I accept your

plea, sir, you will be giving up your constitutional right to a trial and all the other rights that I have just discussed. There will be no further trial of any kind. will simply enter a judgment of guilty on the basis of your guilty plea.

Do you understand that?

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THE DEFENDANT: I understand it, Your Honor.

THE COURT: If you decided to go to trial and a jury found you guilty, you could appeal both the verdict and the sentence. In fact, if your attorney filed motions and I ruled against you on the motions, you could appeal my decision on the motions. You could appeal from any of the rulings I might make during the course of the trial with respect to the admissibility of evidence. However, by pleading guilty and by entering into the plea agreement that is before the Court, you have agreed to waive, or give up, your right to appeal, or collaterally attack, all or part of the sentence that I will impose, regardless of whatever term of imprisonment I might impose, in terms of any term of And if the sentences imposed on each of the indictments run concurrently with each other; so in other words, let's suppose -- and I don't know what I'm going to be doing just yet -- but let's suppose that I were to impose a sentence on each indictment of imprisonment, but I make them run consecutive to each other; in other words, you have

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to serve one sentence before you serve the other one, that's what we mean by "consecutive," then you would have a right to appeal from that sentence. And obviously, your right to appeal the finding of guilt is very limited because you're admitting your guilt with your own mouth.

Do you understand that?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, I understand that.

THE COURT: But if I make the sentences run concurrently with each other; in other words, that they run together, then you have given up your right to appeal from that sentence that's imposed by the Court.

Do you understand?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, I understand.

THE COURT: Okay. And all this provision is contained in Paragraph 5 of the plea agreement that I have in front of me that we'll talk some more about in just a minute. And there are a lot of terms in here. But you also have agreed to waive all defenses based on venue. The case that was filed in the Southern District you certainly had a right to have that tried in the Southern District, but it's been brought here. So there's been an agreement to transfer the case here, but also you've given up your right to raise any defenses based on venue either there or for any of the charges with respect to where they might have occurred, Mr. Rendon-Herrera.

	Proceedings 42
1	Do you understand that?
2	THE DEFENDANT: Yes, I understand that,
3	Your Honor.
4	THE COURT: And you have also agreed to waive all
5	defenses based on the statute of limitations venue and
6	double jeopardy with respect to any prosecution that is not
7	time barred on the date that the agreement was signed, in
8	the event that your conviction sometime later is vacated for
9	any reason, you violate the agreement or your guilty plea is
10	withdrawn later on.
11	Do you understand that?
12	THE DEFENDANT: I understand it, Your Honor.
13	THE COURT: And you have also waived the right to
14	raise on appeal or on any collateral review, that's usually
15	what we call habeas corpus for short, any argument that the
16	statutes to which you are pleading guilty are
17	unconstitutional and that the conduct that you admit to does
18	not fall within the scope of the statutes.
19	Do you understand that?
20	THE DEFENDANT: I understand it, Your Honor.
21	THE COURT: And as I said, I'm not going through
22	the entire paragraph. There were some other provisions in
23	there, but I just wanted to make sure that you in particular
24	understood those provisions.
25	Do you understand that?

	Proceedings 43
1	THE DEFENDANT: Yes, I do, Your Honor.
2	THE COURT: And are you willing to give up your
3	right to a trial and the other rights that I have just
4	discussed?
5	THE DEFENDANT: Yes, Your Honor.
6	THE COURT: And I've been mentioning a plea
7	agreement. I have a document marked Government's
8	Exhibit Number 1 which covers both cases. It's got several
9	pages. On the back it has today's date.
10	And I am assuming that that's your signature,
11	Mr. Lax, because I can make out a J?
12	MR. LAX: It is, Your Honor.
13	THE COURT: Okay. And below that, is that the
14	signature of Damian Williams?
15	MR. LAX: No, Your Honor. That's the signature
16	of
17	THE COURT: Oh, okay. That's your supervising
18	assistant.
19	MR. LAX: Correct.
20	THE COURT: All right.
21	MR. LAX: And then beneath that is the supervising
22	assistant from the Southern District of New York.
23	THE COURT: All right. Okay.
24	MR. LAX: Yes, on behalf of that office.
25	THE COURT: Okay. Thank you.

	Proceedings 44
1	And then right underneath these signatures from
2	the Government's office there is a very brief paragraph in
3	type that says, I have read and/or had translated and read
4	to me the entire agreement and discussed it with my
5	attorney. I understand all of its terms and am entering
6	into it knowingly and voluntarily.
7	Is that your signature right under that,
8	Mr. Rendon-Herrera?
9	THE DEFENDANT: Yes, Your Honor.
10	THE COURT: And, Mr. De Castro, is that your
11	signature below that of your client?
12	MR. DE CASTRO: Yes, Your Honor.
13	THE COURT: And you mentioned earlier that the
14	entire plea agreement had been translated for
15	Mr. Rendon-Herrera into Spanish and you had also, of course,
16	reviewed it with him?
17	MR. DE CASTRO: Yes.
18	THE COURT: And
19	THE DEFENDANT: Yes, Your Honor.
20	THE COURT: And, Mr. Rendon-Herrera, have you read
21	this written plea agreement as translated for you?
22	THE DEFENDANT: Yes, Your Honor.
23	THE COURT: And did you review it with your
24	attorney?
25	THE DEFENDANT: I reviewed it with the attorney

	Proceedings 45
1	and I received a copy in prison.
2	THE COURT: Okay. And do you understand all the
3	terms in the plea agreement?
4	THE DEFENDANT: Yes, Your Honor.
5	THE COURT: Does the written plea agreement
6	accurately represent the entire understanding or agreement
7	that you have reached with the Government?
8	THE DEFENDANT: Yes, Your Honor.
9	THE COURT: Mr. De Castro, have you read and
10	reviewed with your client the written plea agreement that's
11	before the Court?
12	MR. DE CASTRO: Yes, I have.
13	THE COURT: And does it reflect your understanding
14	of the entire agreement your clients have entered into with
15	the Government?
16	MR. DE CASTRO: It does.
17	THE COURT: Does this written plea agreement
18	reflect the entire agreement and understanding that the
19	Government has entered into with the defendant and his
20	counsel?
21	MR. LAX: Yes, Your Honor, aside from the proffer
22	agreements, which were referenced in Paragraph 17.
23	THE COURT: Okay.
24	All right. And in connection with the proffer
25	agreement, it wasn't clear whether there was an interpreter

46 Proceedings 1 present at the proffer agreement and whether the proffer 2 agreements were translated. MR. LAX: Yes, there was and they were, 3 Your Honor. 4 5 THE COURT: Okay. It might be better practice to have the interpreter sign the proffer agreement just as a 6 7 notation. 8 MR. LAX: I think that's a good suggestion, 9 Your Honor, yes. Thank you. 10 THE COURT: Okay. 11 Now, Mr. Rendon-Herrera, I'm going to discuss with 12 you the sentencing scheme that is applicable here, and 13 that's been set forth in the first few pages of the plea 14 agreement. And with respect -- so we're going to start with what I'm going to call the Brooklyn indictment, the one that 15 16 I spoke to you about first and the one that's been pending 17 here in front of me for all these years. 18 THE DEFENDANT: Yes. 19 THE COURT: The minimum term of imprisonment is 20 20 It has a maximum term of imprisonment of life. The 21 Government's noted by way of a footnote in the plea 22 agreement that when you were extradited from the 23 Republic of Colombia, that the Government agreed that it 24 would not seek a sentence of life imprisonment, and that you 25 understand that the Government would not seek a sentence of

47 Proceedings life imprisonment. 1 2 Do you understand that? THE DEFENDANT: Yes, I understand that, 3 Your Honor. 4 5 THE COURT: Okay. Do you also understand that the Court is not bound by any recommendations that the 6 7 Government may or may not make? 8 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, I do. I understand that, Your Honor. 9 10 THE COURT: There is a -- if I were to impose a 11 term of imprisonment, the Court would also have to impose a 12 term of supervised release. The maximum term of supervised 13 release that it could impose would be five years. And what 14 that would mean is, assuming that you are not deported or 15 removed from the United States, you would be supervised by 16 the Department of Probation. They have certain conditions 17 that they would impose like regular reporting to the 18 Department of Probation, and I could impose certain special 19 conditions of supervised release, for example, that you not 20 possess a firearm. If you were to violate any of the 21 conditions of supervised release, whether imposed by 22 Probation or by the Court, then you could receive an 23 additional sentence of up to three years, and you would not 24 get credit for any time that you already spent in prison on 25 your prison sentence, and you would not get credit for time

	Proceedings 48
1	you already spent on supervised release, even if you are
2	close to the end of your supervised release term.
3	Do you understand that?
4	THE DEFENDANT: Yes, I understand.
5	THE COURT: There is a maximum fine of \$2 million.
6	And the plea agreement says that restitution is not
7	applicable. But Count 1 doesn't incorporate a murder
8	conspiracy, and so I was curious about whether or not
9	restitution is applicable under the mandatory restitution
10	Victim's Restitution Act?
11	MR. LAX: Yeah, I take, Your Honor's point. And I
12	think where we are now is that there certainly are no
13	identifiable victims that the Government is in contact with.
14	I also don't expect him to allocute to that particular
15	violation.
16	THE COURT: Okay.
17	All right. There is a special assessment of \$100
18	on that count that I must impose. In addition, there is a
19	criminal forfeiture, as well, for a total money judgment as
20	set forth in the plea agreement of 45,700 I'm sorry,
21	\$45,750,000.
22	And that would cover both indictments, correct,
23	not just
24	MR. LAX: Yes, Your Honor, I'm sorry.
25	THE COURT: Count 1?

	Proceedings 49
1	MR. LAX: Yes.
2	THE COURT: All right. And in connection with the
3	money forfeiture judgment, I would like to have a
4	preliminary order for my endorsement by November 30th.
5	MR. LAX: Yes, Judge.
6	THE COURT: That should give you plenty of time to
7	provide it to Mr. De Castro for his review
8	MR. LAX: Yes, Judge.
9	THE COURT: prior to its submission.
10	MR. LAX: Yes.
11	THE COURT: In addition to that, because you are
12	not a citizen of the United States, a plea of guilty to this
13	count, as well as to the other count under the
14	Southern District indictment, makes you presumptively
15	removable to Colombia. In other words, you would most
16	likely be you would probably be deported back to
17	Colombia.
18	Do you understand that?
19	THE DEFENDANT: Yes, I understand that,
20	Your Honor.
21	THE COURT: And then with do you have any
22	questions about this Count 1 of the Brooklyn indictment? Do
23	you have any questions about that?
24	THE DEFENDANT: No, Your Honor.
25	THE COURT: Okay.

50 Proceedings THE DEFENDANT: It's clear. 1 2 THE COURT: Thank you. 3 So with respect to the Southern District 4 indictment, there is no mandatory minimum term of 5 imprisonment. The maximum term of imprisonment that applies here is 15 years, and that's because even though currently 6 7 under the law if somebody committed the offense, let's say, 8 yesterday, all right, and they were pleading guilty today, 9 they would face a mandatory -- a maximum of 20 years. 10 because the offenses that you are alleged to have committed 11 are -- the last time was in 2009, correct? 12 THE DEFENDANT: Yes. 13 THE COURT: -- the maximum was 15 years at that 14 time under the law. So we have something called the 15 ex post facto clause under the constitution, which means 16 that the lower penalty has to apply. Do you understand -- so that's why the maximum is 17 18 15 years. Do you understand? 19 I understand it, Your Honor. THE DEFENDANT: 20 THE COURT: Okay. And again, there would be a 21 supervised release term, if I impose a term of imprisonment 22 on this, and the maximum term of supervised release would be 23 life. If you were to violate any of the conditions of 24 supervised release, then you could receive an additional 25 sentence of two years without credit for any time you spent

	Proceedings 51
1	in jail on the original sentence and without credit for any
2	time you spent on supervised release.
3	There is a maximum fine of \$250,000, restitution
4	does not apply. There is an additional special assessment
5	of \$100 for this, so it's a total special assessment of
6	\$200. And again, the forfeiture that I just mentioned
7	applies to this, too. So with the total of \$45,750,000 for
8	both counts together.
9	Do you understand?
10	THE DEFENDANT: I understand it, Your Honor.
11	THE COURT: And as I just said, you are subject to
12	removal as a result of your plea of guilty to this count as
13	well.
14	Do you understand that?
15	THE DEFENDANT: Yes, I understand, Your Honor.
16	THE COURT: And understanding that you could be
17	removed, that you would likely be removed to Colombia as a
18	result of your conviction in this case, do you still wish to
19	enter a plea of guilty?
20	THE DEFENDANT: Yes, Your Honor.
21	THE COUR: Okay. I also wanted to mention that
22	there are a number of things that the U.S. Attorney's Office
23	is agreeing to as a result of the parties entering into the
24	plea agreement. It starts on Page 7. It's Paragraph 6,

which is a fairly lengthy paragraph. It starts on Page 7,

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and goes on to the top of Page 9. I'm not going to go through each item individually, but there are certain things that the Government is agreeing to do, such as to dismiss any open charges in the indictment under which you are pleading guilty and also to dismiss any underlying indictment, as well, both from the Southern District and here in the Eastern District.

The Government has also made some agreements with respect to recommendations that they will or will not make at the time of the sentence. Such as, for example, they may make a recommendation to the Court that you be given credit for time that you served in jail in Colombia, and with respect to having the sentences run concurrent with each other. That is just an example of some of the things that the Government said that they might recommend to the Court at the time of sentence.

I just want to make sure that you understand that the Court is not bound to follow any of the recommendations that the Government makes or that the defense makes. Do you understand that? They are free to make the recommendation, I will certainly give every recommendation that is made to the Court at the time of sentence very serious consideration. And all of these parties have been before me in sentencing and they know I take it very, very seriously and consider everything seriously.

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But I want you to understand that. Do you understand what I'm saying?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes. I have that very clear, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Okay.

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I normally like to explain to All right. defendants when they're pleading guilty exactly what's going Once I accept the plea of guilty, assuming that I accept the plea of guilty today; and just very briefly I just want you to understand that if that is the case, I am then going to direct the Department of Probation to prepare a presentence report, or PSR as we call it. The probation department is an arm of the Court. They do not work for the defense attorney and they do not work for the Government, they work for the Court, and their job is to help me with sentencing to get the information together. So they're going to interview you. We will make a notation to them to make sure they know that they need an interpreter, and you certainly have a right to have your attorney present and I strongly recommend that you have your attorney present at that interview. They're going to talk to you about everything about your life from the day you were born until now, your health, your finances, your family, everything; your education, everything.

They're also going to talk to the Government to

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find out what their evidence was in the case, and they're going to write that up. Probation is going to determine for its own what it thinks the sentencing guideline range should be in this case. They might agree with your attorney. They might not agree with your attorney. They might not agree with the Government, and they might not agree with the Government. At the end of the day at the time of sentence, I make that final decision as to what the guideline range should be, and I might not agree with anybody. I might come to a different decision, or I might agree with Probation, or I might disagree with them and I might agree with the lawyers. But I make that final decision.

In addition, Probation is going to point out any factors that they think might warrant what we call a departure from the guidelines, either above what that guideline range is or below the guideline range. They will also point out factors that might warrant the imposition of what we call a variance, or a sentence outside the guidelines, either above the guideline range or below the guideline range; and they're going to make a sentence recommendation.

When that presentence report is finished, it will be disclosed to your attorney, the Government, and to the Court. We will all review it. It will be reviewed with you. You will have an opportunity to object to anything

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that is not correct in the presentence report. If we have to have a hearing, we will have a hearing. In addition to that, I always ask the lawyers to give me in writing a sentence memorandum so that they can explain to me what

their recommendation is for sentencing and why.

On the date of the sentencing hearing, you will be here with your lawyer, the Government will be here, Probation will be here. At that time if there are still any outstanding objections to the presentence report, I will resolve those objections. I will make a determination at that time what the sentence guideline range should be. And then I will hear from the lawyers as to their sentence recommendations and why. You have the right to make a statement to the Court and I will be happy to give you that opportunity at that time. So it is not until all of that all happens that I will know what sentence I will be imposing. We are not going to know until that time exactly what the sentence guideline range is either.

I want you to understand this for a couple of reasons: One, it takes a long time for a presentence report to be prepared. It takes at least 12 weeks and now with COVID, it's delayed even more. So I do not want you to be concerned that you pled guilty but, you know, it has been two or three months and you have not come to the Court. Work is being done. It is a lot of work. So I want you to

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understand that.

And the other thing that I want you to understand is that as I sit here today, I do not have all this information. So I do not know what sentence I will be imposing at this point because I just do not have all the information I need. I do not want you to assume anything from what I said that I already have some idea in my head as to what the sentence will be because I just do not have all the information.

Do you understand all of that, that I have just explained to you?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, Your Honor.

THE COURT: And so as I said, until the date of sentence we are not going to know what the sentence guideline range will be or whether there is a reason to depart from the range or to impose a sentence that is a variance from the range. But at this point in time, I am going to ask the attorneys to give me their best estimate as to what the guidelines are likely to say, based on the facts that are available to them at this point in time. And please keep in mind that this is a guess that could be wrong.

Do you understand that?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes.

THE COURT: All right.

	Proceedings 57
1	THE DEFENDANT: Yes, I do.
2	THE COURT: So what is the Government's estimate
3	as to where within the guidelines Mr. Rendon-Herrera will
4	fall?
5	MR. LAX: Your Honor, the Government estimates an
6	offense level of 57, which is to be treated as a level of
7	43, which is the very top of the guidelines. The
8	corresponding advisory range, notwithstanding, of course,
9	the Government's position on a life sentence, but the
10	advisory guidelines provide for life assuming that
11	THE COURT: With a criminal history category of
12	what?
13	MR. LAX: Of 6.
14	THE COURT: Thank you.
15	MR. LAX: I would also note for the Court and for
16	the defense that there is a guideline range that the
17	defendant stipulates to our guideline calculation set forth
18	in the plea agreement.
19	MR. DE CASTRO: That's correct, Your Honor.
20	THE COURT: Thank you.
21	And in addition to that, as the Government
22	mentioned earlier, Mr. Rendon-Herrera, you also stipulated
23	to the drug quantity that we mentioned before, which was
24	73,645 kilograms.
25	Do you understand that?

	Proceedings 5	58
1	THE DEFENDANT: I understand, Your Honor.	
2	THE COURT: And one thing that I forgot to mention	l
3	with respect to the forfeiture, and that is that you have	
4	agreed to the forfeiture, which means that you have also	
5	waived any kind of procedural due process with respect to	
6	the forfeiture. That is that you have given up your right	
7	to any notice with respect to the forfeiture. You have	
8	given up your right to have any jury determination with	
9	respect to any issue concerning forfeiture.	
10	Do you understand that?	
11	THE DEFENDANT: Yes, I have it very clear,	
12	Your Honor.	
13	THE COURT: And with respect to the guideline	
14	estimate, do you understand that this estimate is not	
15	binding on the Government, Probation, or the Court,	
16	Mr. Rendon-Herrera?	
17	THE DEFENDANT: Yes, I understand that.	
18	THE COURT: Thank you.	
19	Do you also understand that if the estimate is	
20	wrong, you will not be permitted to withdraw your plea of	
21	guilty?	
22	THE DEFENDANT: Yes, I understand that.	
23	THE COURT: Do you have any questions that you	
24	would like to ask me about the charges, your rights, or	
25	anything else relating to this matter?	
		Į.

	Proceedings	59
1	THE DEFENDANT: No, Your Honor.	
2	THE COURT: Mr. De Castro, do you know of any	
3	reason why your client should not plead guilty here today,	
4	sir?	
5	MR. DE CASTRO: No, Your Honor.	
6	THE COURT: Are you aware of any viable legal	
7	defense to the charges?	
8	MR. DE CASTRO: No.	
9	THE COURT: Mr. Rendon-Herrera, are you ready to	
10	plead at this time?	
11	THE DEFENDANT: Yes, Your Honor.	
12	THE COURT: Do you wish to consult with	
13	Mr. De Castro before you plead?	
14	THE DEFENDANT: No, Your Honor.	
15	THE COURT: What is your plea to Count 1 of the	
16	Brooklyn indictment that charges you with a continuing	
17	criminal enterprise in connection with international drug	
18	trafficking conspiracy, guilty or not guilty?	
19	THE DEFENDANT: Yes, I do plead guilty.	
20	THE COURT: And with respect to the indictment	
21	from the Southern District of New York, Count Number 1 of	
22	that indictment, charging you with conspiracy to provide	
23	material support to a foreign terrorist organization; how d	lo
24	you plead, guilty or not guilty?	
25	THE DEFENDANT: I plead guilty.	

	Proceedings 60
1	THE COURT: Are you pleading guilty voluntarily
2	and of your own free will?
3	THE DEFENDANT: I do pled guilty from my own free
4	will.
5	THE COURT: Has anyone threatened or forced you to
6	plead guilty?
7	THE DEFENDANT: No, Your Honor.
8	THE COURT: And other than the promises contained
9	in the written plea agreement, has anyone made any other
10	promises to you to get you to plead guilty?
11	THE DEFENDANT: No, Your Honor.
12	THE COURT: Has anyone made any promise to you as
13	to what your final sentence will be?
14	THE DEFENDANT: No, Your Honor.
15	THE COURT: As you will recall in the very
16	beginning of this proceeding, I reviewed the charges and the
17	indictment with you. Do you wish for me to review them with
18	you again?
19	THE DEFENDANT: No, Your Honor.
20	THE COURT: At this time I would like for you to
21	describe for me in your own words what it is that you did in
22	connection with let's start with the Brooklyn indictment
23	first what you did in connection with the acts charged in
24	Count 1 that charges you with a continuing criminal
25	enterprise.

	Proceedings 61
1	MR. LAX: Your Honor
2	THE COURT: Yes, I'm sorry.
3	MR. LAX: I'm sorry to interpret, Your Honor. I
4	think Mr. De Castro and I are thinking the same thing.
5	So the conduct in the SDNY indictment predates the
6	conduct in the Brooklyn indictment, and I think it might
7	make sense just to move in the same sequence of time. So it
8	may make sense to allocute as to the SDNY indictment before
9	the EDNY indictment because the allocution, I expect, will
10	roll from one into the other.
11	THE COURT: Understood.
12	And you are in agreement with that?
13	MR. DE CASTRO: I am, Your Honor. As you can see,
14	he has papers in front of him. We have been working on that
15	together that he will be reading from
16	THE COURT: That's fine.
17	MR. DE CASTRO: Okay.
18	THE COURT: I can do the mental gymnastics, that's
19	okay.
20	MR. DE CASTRO: Thank you. And it is
21	chronological. Exactly what the Government was saying.
22	THE COURT: Okay. So I'm sorry, let's change that
23	up a little bit, as the lawyer said. We are going to start
24	with the Southern District first, the Manhattan indictment
25	first. Count 1 of that indictment, okay, that charges

	Proceedings 62
1	material conspiracy to provide material support to a foreign
2	terrorist organization, and then from there move to the
3	charge in the Brooklyn indictment.
4	Do you follow what I'm saying?
5	THE DEFENDANT: Yes, Your Honor.
6	THE COURT: Okay. And I understand that you have
7	written something that you would like to read?
8	THE DEFENDANT: Yes, Your Honor. But more than
9	reading it, explaining it to the Court.
10	THE COURT: Okay. Perfect.
11	Okay. So just take your time.
12	THE DEFENDANT: Yes, Your Honor.
13	I was a militant and I participated in an
14	organization the United Self-Defenses of Colombia from the
15	year 1991 until the year 2006. During that period of time,
16	I had knowledge of terrorist acts such as homicides, among
17	other things. I was a financier of a block yes, of a
18	block of the Autodefensas, and it is there where I
19	acknowledge my guilt. Under my direction, in other words,
20	under my orders, under my command, I collected taxes under
21	the control of the Autodefensas in Colombia.
22	THE COURT: So was the purpose of collecting those
23	taxes so that drugs could be transported from one place to
24	another?
25	THE DEFENDANT: Yes, Your Honor. It was to buy

	Proceedings 63
1	weapons and to give support to the Autodefensas, to the
2	paramilitary group.
3	THE COURT: Was part of the financing also to
4	allow the transportation of narcotics?
5	THE DEFENDANT: Yes. Part of this money was to
6	allow for the transportation of narcotics, in other words,
7	the cocaine. Well, it was that, it was a purchase of
8	logistics and weapons and everything.
9	THE COURT: Does the Government do you need
10	more than one of two overt acts under that count?
11	MR. LAX: Your Honor, I don't think we actually
12	need overt acts beyond what we have. I would just inquire,
13	I think it's implicit what the defense already said, but he
14	also doing all these things he did it in agreement with
15	others.
16	THE COURT: When you were engaging in this
17	activity, were you also acting together with other
18	individuals?
19	THE DEFENDANT: Yes, Your Honor.
20	THE COURT: And did you all agree to engage in
21	this activity together?
22	THE DEFENDANT: Yes, Your Honor.
23	THE COURT: Is that allocution satisfactory with
24	respect to that count?
25	MR. LAX: Yes, Your Honor.

	Proceedings 64
1	THE COURT: Okay.
2	MR. LAX: Thank you.
3	THE COURT: Okay. So then we can move, I think,
4	to the Brooklyn indictment.
5	THE DEFENDANT: By the year 2006, the commander of
6	the entire Autodefensas recently demobilized, called all the
7	little commanders, among them, me, to create an organization
8	that came to be called <i>Heroes of Castaño</i> , which later on
9	became known as Audodefensas Gaitanistas de Colombia, which
10	the Government calls them "Urabeños," to which I belonged.
11	And under my responsibility under my responsibility, I
12	I plotted or associated, one might say, with other people to
13	collect taxes for the transportation of coke which was
14	coming to the United States. It was approximately
15	approximately 73,645 kilos of cocaine.
16	THE COURT: And those transactions involving the
17	cocaine, that happened over a period of time?
18	THE DEFENDANT: Yes. That happened during the
19	period of time of 2006 to 2014.
20	THE COURT: Does the Government require any
21	additional
22	MR. LAX: Yes, Your Honor.
23	So the taxes were collected in connection with a
24	series of three or more cocaine trafficking instances?
25	THE COURT: The question is whether the collection

	Proceedings 65
1	of the taxes was in connection with at least three, if not
2	more, of these cocaine transactions?
3	THE DEFENDANT: Are you asking about
4	THE COURT: No, how many?
5	THE DEFENDANT: the time five or more kilos
6	of cocaine?
7	THE COURT: I mean, how many times did this
8	happen?
9	THE DEFENDANT: Oh, it happened during the years
10	of 2006 through '14.
11	THE COURT: All right. Let me rephrase the
12	question. So did this happen more than three times during
13	that period?
14	THE DEFENDANT: Yes, Your Honor.
15	THE COURT: Okay.
16	All right. Is that satisfactory to the
17	Government?
18	MR. LAX: Also this happened in concert with five
19	or more individuals?
20	THE COURT: In addition to the yourself, were
21	there at least five other individuals that were working with
22	you on this?
23	THE DEFENDANT: Yes. Yes, there were more than
24	five people who worked in this activity.
25	THE COURT: Mr. Lax, is there any other factual

	Proceedings 66
1	allocution?
2	MR. LAX: And also, Your Honor, that the defendant
3	obtained substantial income or resources from those
4	narcotics trafficking violations.
5	THE COURT: So the question is, did you make a
6	substantial amount of money or get assets as a result of
7	engaging in this activity?
8	THE DEFENDANT: Your Honor, I did not gain any
9	benefits of my own.
10	THE COURT: What benefits did you get?
11	THE DEFENDANT: The defense of my integrity.
12	THE COURT: So the allegation is that you had
13	obtained a certain amount of assets as a result.
14	THE DEFENDANT: Money was obtained, but that was
15	invested into the structure of the organization.
16	THE COURT: Is that allocution satisfactory to the
17	Government?
18	(Pause in proceedings.)
19	MR. LAX: Only that that money was substantial.
20	THE COURT: The money that you received that was
21	invested back into the organization, was that a substantial
22	amount of money?
23	THE DEFENDANT: Yes, of course it was. Yes,
24	Your Honor.
25	THE COURT: Is that satisfactory to the

67 Proceedings Government? 1 2 MR. LAX: Yes, Your Honor. Thank you. 3 THE COURT: Is there any additional allocution you 4 would request? 5 MR. LAX: No, Your Honor. Thank you. Is there anything else, Mr. De Castro, 6 THE COURT: 7 that you think the Court should inquire about? 8 MR. DE CASTRO: No, Your Honor. Thank you. 9 THE COURT: Based on the information given to me, 10 I find that Mr. Rendon-Herrera is acting voluntarily; that 11 he understands his rights and the consequences of his plea; 12 and that there is a factual basis for his pleas, and I 13 therefore, accept the pleas of guilty to Count 1 under Docket Number 14-CR-625 and Count Number 1 under Docket 14 15 Number 20-CR-569. 16 In that long explanation that I gave about what happens once the Court has accepted a plea of guilty, I just 17 18 want to advise the parties that the Court will issue a 19 separate scheduling order with two dates, the first date is 20 not a court date. You are not going to come to court. That 21 is for the disclosure of the presentence report, and the 22 second date will be for the sentencing hearing. 23 With respect to objections to the presentence 24 report, they must be in writing. That also includes if you 25 do not have objections to the presentence report, and it is

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a simultaneous submission, so 14 days after the disclosure of the presentence report, the parties will indicate whether or not they have objected to the presentence report in writing. Please make sure that I get a hard copy of that, okay?

Because of COVID and because we do not know where things are going to stand, I am asking to have it docketed just in case things get a little dicey. And if there are objections, the adversary must respond within 14 days after, again in writing. And the proponent of the objection, if you wish, must reply 14 days after that, again, in writing. Make sure the objections go to Probation. I just want a courtesy copy of whatever you send to Probation.

With respect to the sentencing memoranda, I do ask that the Government file first 14 days prior to sentencing. Do not count the date of sentencing, count backwards. Where you land, that's the due date; and Defense Counsel, seven days later. And again, I only need one copy of your sentencing submission. I don't need two copies, but I do need a hard copy.

Things happen. Trials happen. I know,

Mr. De Castro, you're busy and pretty much a solo, right,

still? So if you need an extension of time for submission,

this is a complicated case, just let me know sufficiently in

advance of sentencing so I have enough time to review

	Proceedings 69
1	everything. I do take a look at everything as it comes in.
2	But I spend a lot of time reviewing it when it comes
3	together.
4	Is there anything it looks like he is getting
5	the medical attention that he needs.
6	MR. DE CASTRO: He's doing well, Your Honor.
7	THE COURT: Because he's looking the best that I
8	have seen him, even through the mask.
9	You're feeling okay, Mr. Rendon-Herrera?
10	THE DEFENDANT: Yes. In the last month I've been
11	a lot better in my health.
12	THE COURT: All right. I am very glad to hear
13	that.
14	All right. If there is nothing else, these
15	proceeding are concluded. The Court thanks our two esteemed
16	interpreters for their service today. And, Marshals, you
17	may take charge.
18	MR. LAX: Thank you, Judge.
19	THE COURT: Thank you both very much.
20	(Matter concluded.)
21	00000
22	
23	I (we) certify that the foregoing is a correct transcript from the record of proceedings in the above-entitled matter.
24	/s/ David R. Roy November 30, 2021
25	DAVID R. ROY Date